Goethe-Universität Frankfurt
Institut für Mathematik
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Algebra
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## Übungsblatt 1

WARM-UP EXERCISES

## Aufgabe 1 (3 Punkte)

(i) Let $G$ be a group. Prove that $T:=\{\alpha \in \operatorname{Aut}(G) \mid \alpha(U)=U$ for all subgroups $U$ of $G\}$ is a normal subgroup of $\operatorname{Aut}(G)$.
(ii) Prove that

$$
G:=\left\{\left.\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & a & b \\
0 & 1 & c \\
0 & 0 & 1
\end{array}\right) \right\rvert\, a, b, c \in \mathbb{Z} / 3 \mathbb{Z}\right\},
$$

endowed with the usual matrix multiplication, is a group of order 27 , where every element different from the identity matrix has order 3 .
Use this to find two non-isomorphic finite groups for which for every $n$ the number of elements of order $n$ coincide for the two groups.

## Aufgabe 2 (5 Punkte)

Let $R$ be a ring. We denote by 1 the unit of $R$. Prove or disprove the following claims.
(i) If $x^{2}=x$ for every $x \in R$, then $R$ is commutative.
(ii) If $I$ is an ideal of $R$ such that $1 \in I$, then $I=R$.
(iii) If $I$ is an ideal of $R$, then also $r(I):=\{x \in R \mid x a=0$ for all $a \in I\}$ is an ideal of $R$.
(iv) Let $I$ and $J$ be ideals of $R$, then also $\operatorname{prod}(I, J):=\{a b \mid a \in I$ and $b \in J\}$ is an ideal of $R$.
(v) If $R$ is a PID (i.e. "Principal Ideal Domain", in German "Hauptidealring"), then the previous point is correct.
(vi) Consider $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]:=\{a+b \sqrt{-5} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Z}\} \subset \mathbb{C}$ as a subring of $\mathbb{C}$, where the operations are the ones inherited from the field $\mathbb{C}$. The map

$$
N: \mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}] \longrightarrow \mathbb{Z}, \quad a+b \sqrt{-5} \longmapsto a^{2}+5 b^{2}
$$

is a ring homomorphism.
(vii) $\mathbb{Z}[\sqrt{-5}]$ is a PID.

## Aufgabe 3 (2 Punkte)

Let $R$ be a ring and let $I, J$ be ideals of $R$.
(i) Prove that $I+J:=\{a+b \mid a \in I$ and $b \in J\}$ is an ideal of $R$.
(ii) Define $I J$ the set of all elements of $R$ that can be written as finite sums of elements of the form $a b$, where $a \in I$ and $b \in J$. Prove that $I J$ is an ideal of $R$.

## Aufgabe 4 (6 Punkte)

(i) Prove or disprove the following claim.

The set of $2 \times 2$ matrices of the form $\left(\begin{array}{cc}a & b \\ -b & a\end{array}\right)$, where $a, b \in \mathbb{R}$, endowed with the usual matrix operations, is a field.
(ii) Prove that the following sets of real numbers are subfields of $\mathbb{R}$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathbb{Q}[\sqrt{2}] & :=\{a+b \sqrt{2} \mid a, b \in \mathbb{Q}\} \\
\mathbb{Q}[\sqrt[3]{2}] & :=\{a+b \sqrt[3]{2}+c \sqrt[3]{4} \mid a, b, c \in \mathbb{Q}\}
\end{aligned}
$$

